

**Lesson  
3.1**
**Enrichment and Extension**
**Matching**

Simplify the expressions on the left by using the Distributive Property and combining like terms. Then, match it to an equal expression on the right by connecting the two with a line.

a. 1.  $6x + 2x$

$8x$

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c. 2.  $14x - 12 - x - 3$

$13x - 15$

b.  $\frac{1}{2}x + 1$

j. 3.  $-5x + 14 - x - 2$

$-6x + 12$

c.  $13x - 15$

g. 4.  $-3 - 5x - 3x + 11x + 3$

$3x$

d.  $2x + 11$

d. 5.  $-2(-5 - x) + x - x + 1$

$2x + 11$

e.  $2x$

i. 6.  $\frac{1}{2}(12) + 4x - (x - 1)$

$3x + 7$

f.  $6x^2 + x - 27$

7.  $\underline{\underline{6x^2 + 4x - x + 1}}$

$5x^2 + 3x$

g.  $3x$

h. 8.  $4\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 4\right) + 1 - 16 + x$

$3x + 1$

h.  $3x + 1$

9.  $\underline{\underline{5x^2 + 4x - x + 1}}$

$5x^2 + 3x$

i.  $3x + 7$

b. 10.  $x + \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x\right)$

$\frac{1}{2}x + 1$

j.  $-6x + 12$

11.  $\underline{\underline{x^2 + x + x - x^2}}$

$5x^2 + 5x$

12. Write an expression containing  $x$ -terms and constants. The  $x$ -terms should combine to  $7x$  and the constants should sum to 13.

$5x - 3 + 2x + 16$

13. Write an expression containing  $x^2$ -terms,  $x$ -terms and constants. The  $x^2$ -terms should combine to  $5x^2$ , the  $x$ -terms should sum to  $3x$ , and the constants should sum to 3.

$7x + 13$

\*there are a lot  
of possible answers!\*